



EFORWOOD

Sustainability Impact Assessment of the Forestry-Wood Chain



Tool for Sustainability Impact Assessment (ToSIA) Introducing the Concept

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Sustainability Impact Assessment of the Forestry-Wood Chain

Industrial activities and new policies are evaluated against their impact on Sustainable Development



What means Sustainable Development in our context???

Environmentally friendly
resource management

Securing social
wellbeing in the region



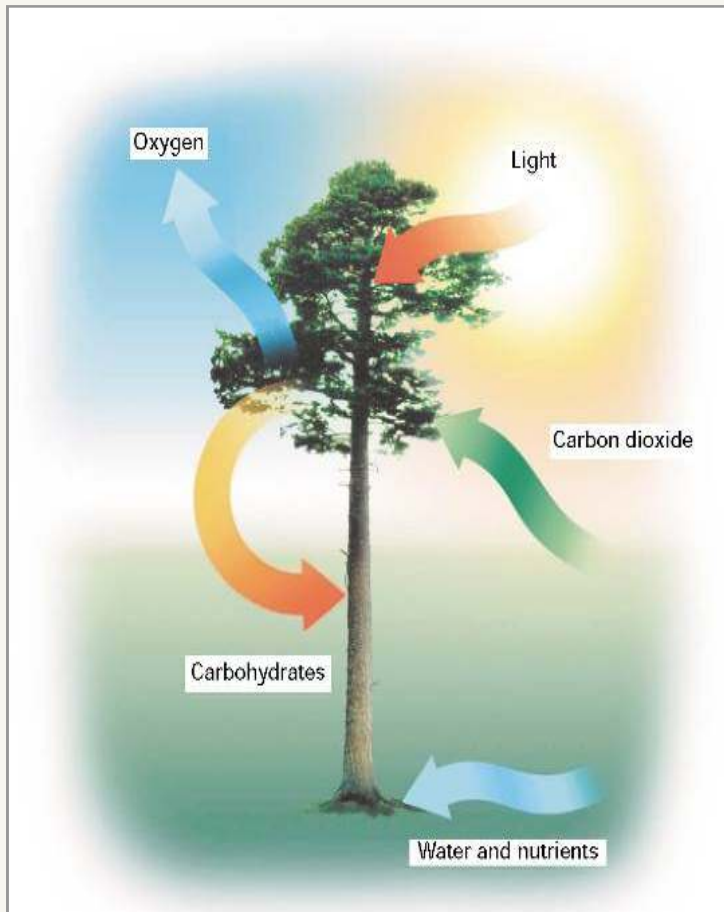
Gällö in Jämtland, Sweden





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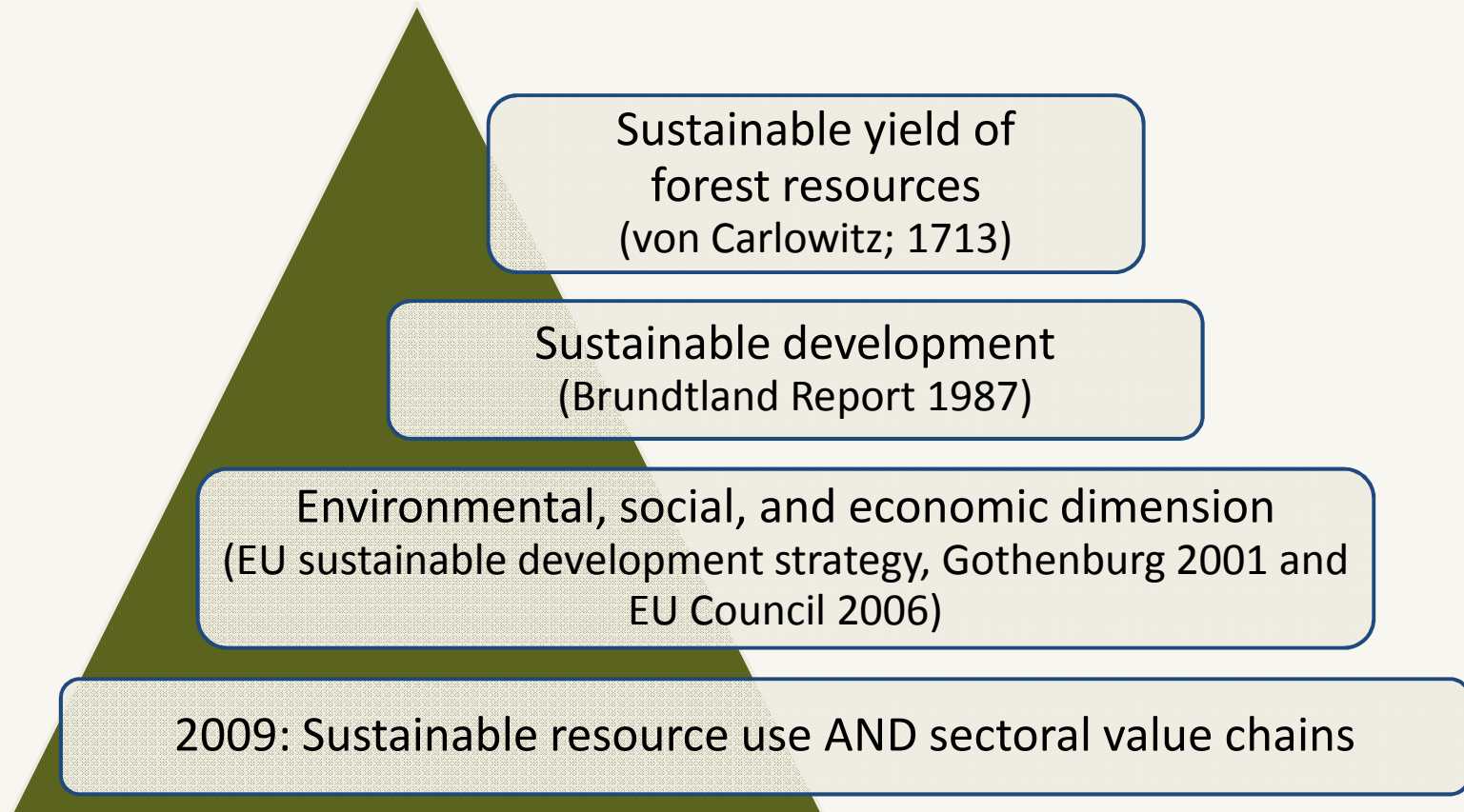
Sustainability Impact Assessment of the Forestry-Wood Chain



The Forest-based Sector has the potential to play a key-role in the development of a sustainable society!



The sustainability concept evolved over the centuries





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ToSIA is suitable for:

identifying hot-spots in value chains that can contribute to improved sustainability

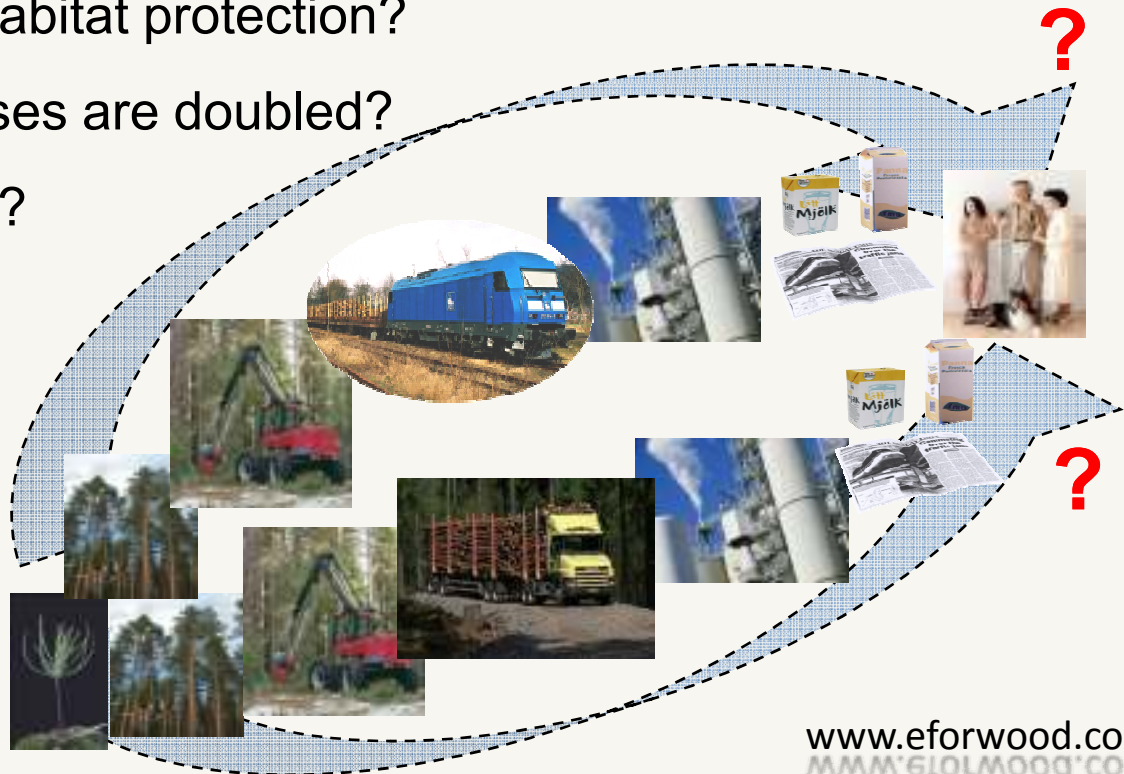




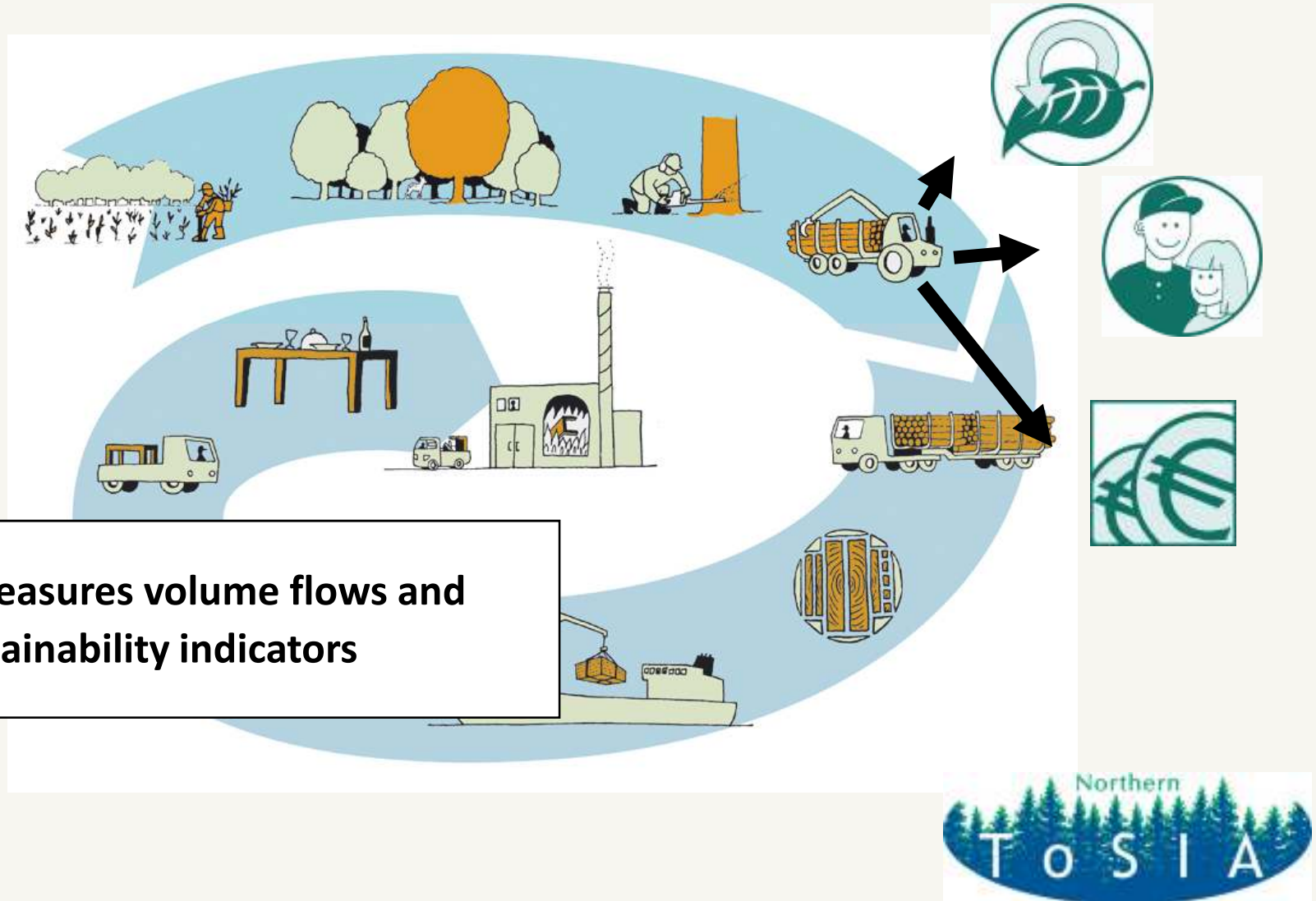
ToSIA is primarily designed to give answers to **WHAT IF? - questions.**

What if:

- ❖ new policies are introduced on e.g. energy / transport / recycling / habitat protection?
- ❖ wooden frames in houses are doubled?
- ❖ global market changes?
- ❖ oil prices doubles?



ToSIA approach to Sustainability Impact Assessment of Forest-Wood Chains



Sustainability Indicators



Economic

Gross value added

Production costs

Trade balance

Resource use

Total production

Investment and R&D

Productivity



Environmental

Energy generation and use

GHG emissions & carbon stocks

Transport distance and freight

Water use

Emissions to water and air

Generation of waste

Biodiversity

Forest resources

Soil condition

Forest damage



Social

Employment

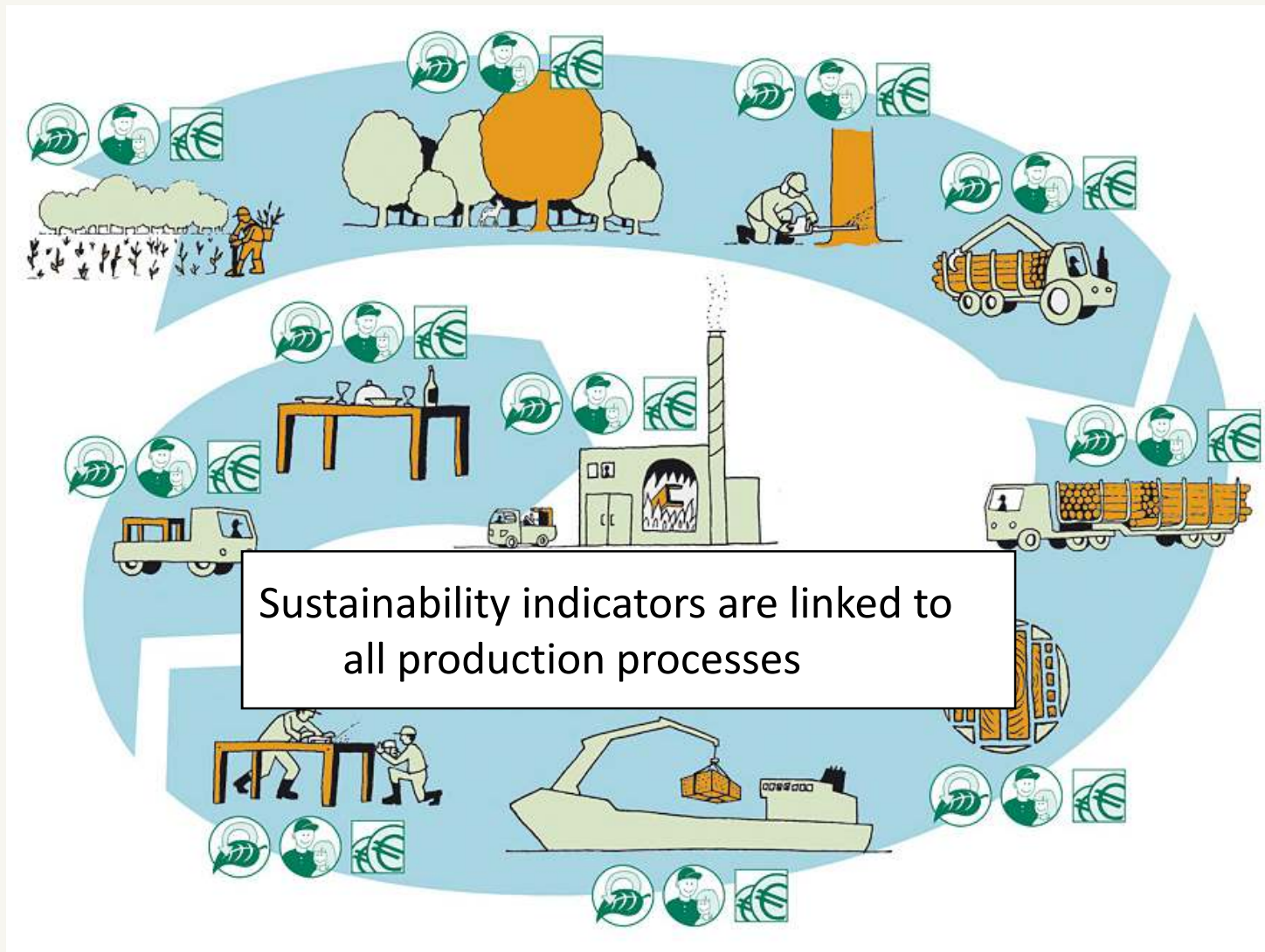
Wages and salaries

Occupational safety and health

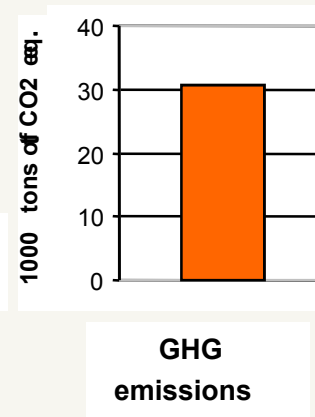
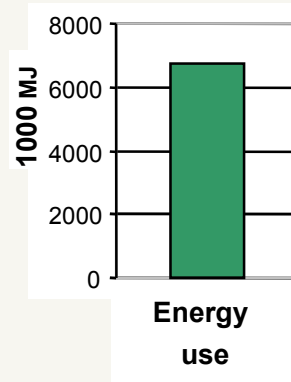
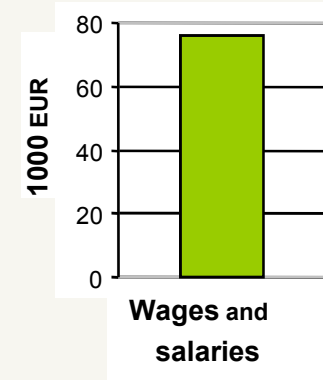
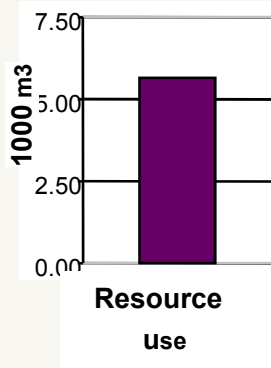
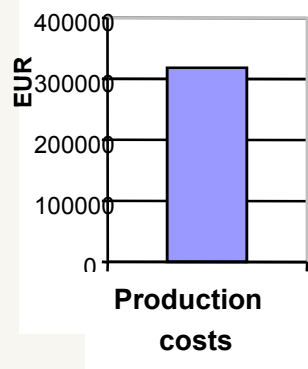
Quality of employment

Provision of public forest services

ToSIA approach to Sustainability Impact Assessment of Forest-Wood Chains



ToSIA approach... (basic principles)



ToSIA aggregates indicator results along the FWC



Northern ToSIA
case studies will be presented tomorrow!




Interpretation of results


- No absolute answer to the question: Is this FWC sustainable?
- Comparing FWC alternatives shows impacts of external drivers on sustainability
- Are the trends in line with existing policies?
- Impacts may differ between indicators
- MCA/CBA evaluation modules are needed to rank FWC alternatives

Two Evaluation Methods

Cost-Benefit Analysis (CBA)



= Economic assessment tool to analyse projects or public policies, that allows to determine their merits and acceptance, according to an **efficiency goal**: maximize net benefits




All benefits and all costs of a project or a public policy are quantified in monetary terms (money)



Multi-Criteria Analysis (MCA)

= Socio-Economic assessment tool to analyse strategies, projects or public policies by multiple criteria based on expert estimations and/or stakeholder preferences. Criteria and indicators are aggregated at a dimensionless scale to rank alternatives according to their preferentiality.



Value judgments are used to evaluate strategies, projects or public policies in terms of a preference measure

Evaluation Method: CBA

✚ Benefits (€) { **Economic Benefit** = any gain in the welfare of the society caused by an actual change, e.g. new choice of technology or land use. Revealed by individuals' **willingness to pay** for such gains

▢ Costs (€) { **Economic Cost** = any loss in welfare of the society, by a change in the use of a resource in the project being analysed, instead of using it in its best alternative (opportunity cost). Revealed by individuals' **willingness to accept a compensation** for such losses

▬ Net Benefits (€)

⇒ **All members** of society affected by the project

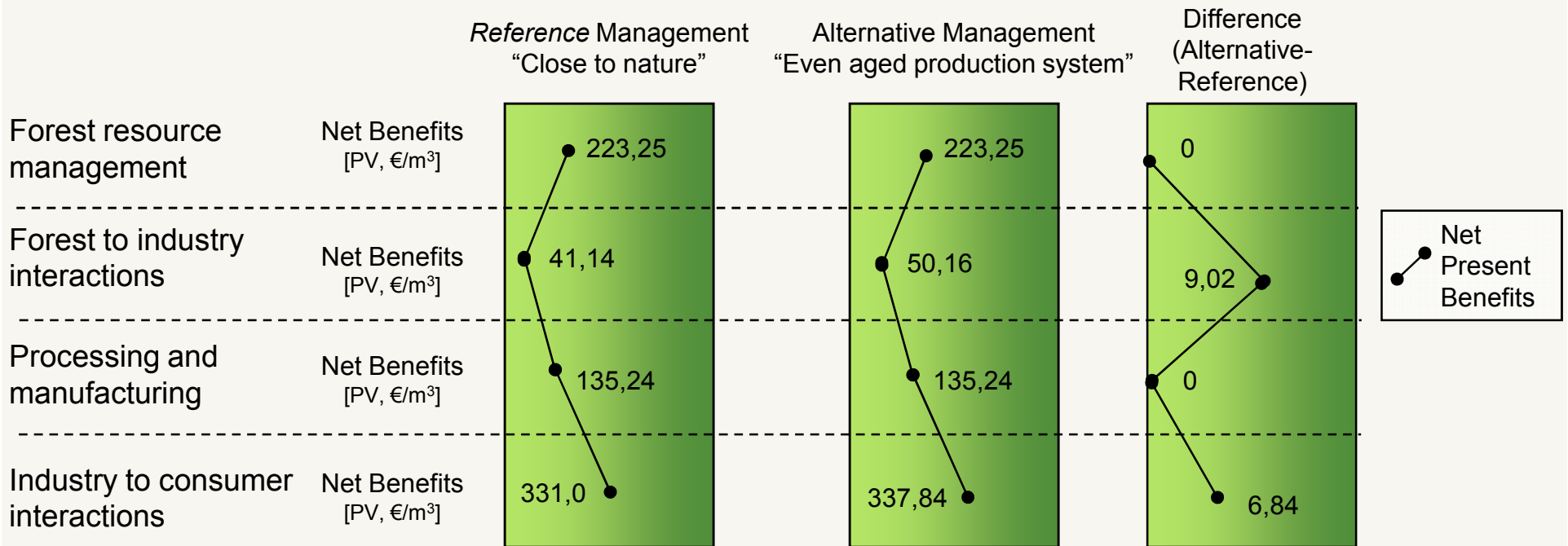
⇒ **Time Discounting** of Benefits and Costs

⇒ **Selection Rules**

CBA: Compare sustainability profiles (by modules/ phases on the FWC)

Forest wood chain :

Compare :



Total for Chain: NPV

730,63

746,49

15,86

Select discount rate %

View indicators : Aggregated separated

Evaluation Method: MCA

MCA - Why should we do it?

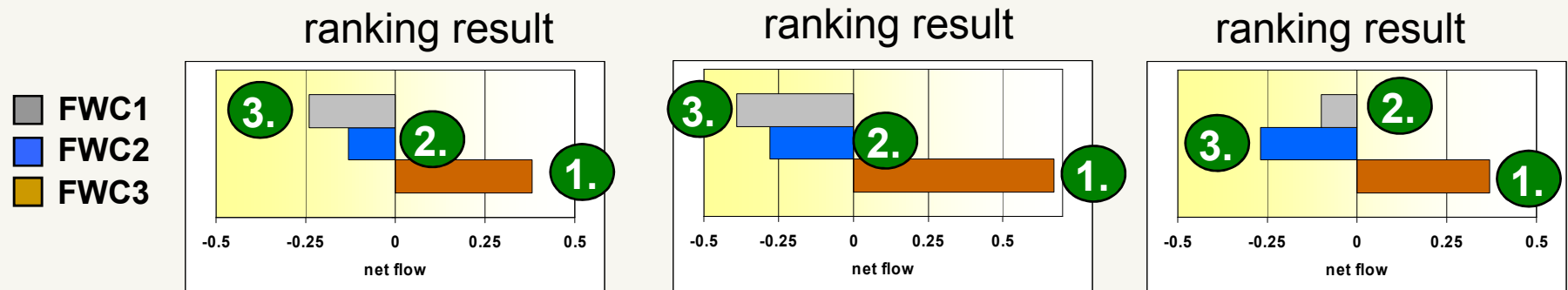
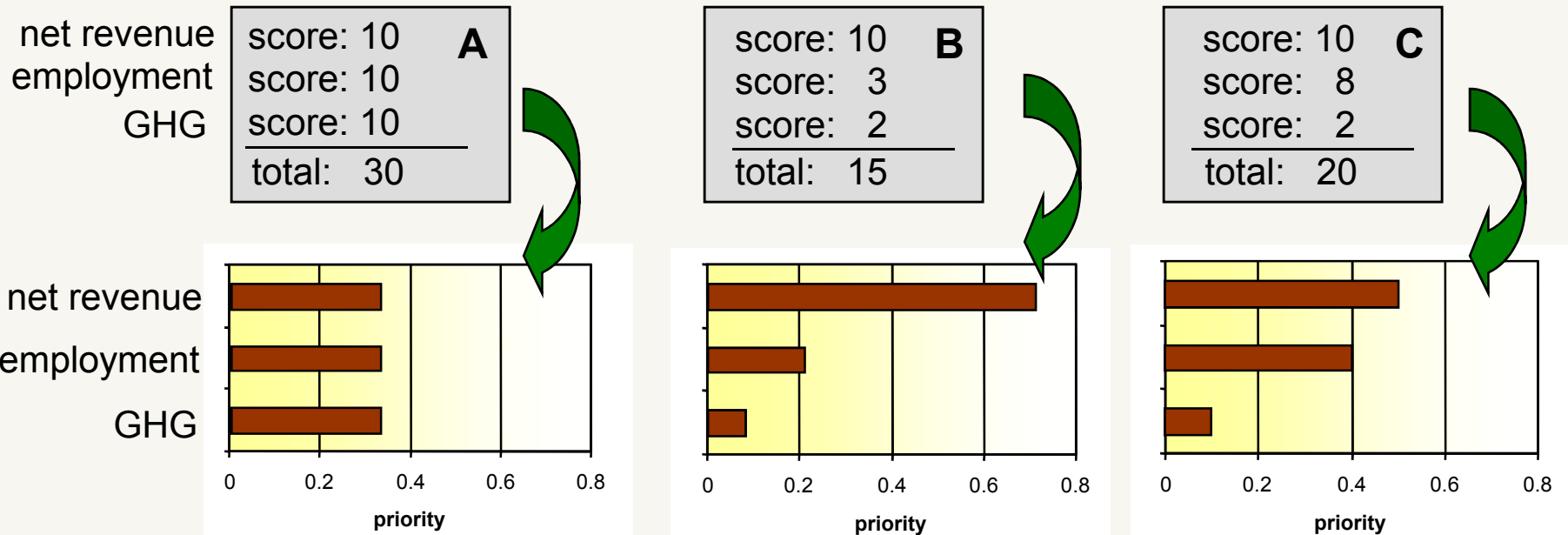
- We will see all sorts of impacts across alternatives, cf. the indicator list.
- We must be able to compare alternatives and evaluate e.g. a difference like:

$d(a,b) = 10\text{€} + 1\text{kg CO}_2 + 15\% \text{ weight gain}$

- MCA may use subjective values/judgements
- ...enabling a consistent and transparent comparison among alternatives
- MCA allows the integration of expert judgements and stakeholder preferences in participative assessments

Example: Importance of indicators...

Scoring the importance of indicators [score 10 = most important]



MCA-method: PROMETHEE



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ToSIA – Current Status

- ToSIA software is operational, but under continuous development
- Intensive data quality checking ongoing for three Eforwood case studies, data collection ongoing for EU FWC analysis
- Eforwood open science conference Uppsala (23-24 September 2009) will present results
- EFORWOOD project ends late 2009



Unfortunately no time today for a ToSIA Demonstration ...

ToSIA

Welcome | Data preparation | Charts | Comparison | Analysis | EFORWOOD | Help | About | IT

Welcome

This is ToSIA (Tool for Sustainability Impact Assessment), the decision support tool for forestry sector. With this tool forest-based industry, national and international policy makers and researchers can analyse the sustainability effects of changes due to deliberate actions (e.g. in policies or business activities) or due to external forces (e.g. climate change, global markets). ToSIA analyses environmental, economic, and social impacts of changes in forestry-wood production chains, using a consistent and harmonised framework from the forest to the end-of-life of final products. It allows user to analyse different kind of sustainability effects in a balanced way. The first versions of ToSIA are the products of the EFORWOOD project financed by the 8th Framework Program of the European Commission.

ToSIA useflow diagram

```
graph TD
    Start([Start]) --> Decision1{ }
    Decision1 -- No --> DataPrep[Data preparation]
    Decision1 -- Yes --> Charts[Charts]
    Charts --> Decision2{ }
    Decision2 -- No --> Comparison[Comparison]
    Decision2 -- Yes --> Analysis[Analysis]
    Comparison --> Decision3{ }
    Decision3 -- No --> DataPrep
    Decision3 -- Yes --> Analysis
    Analysis --> End([End])
```

Information
1. Use default data
2. Do comparisons
3. No analysis

Clear runs | Save session



ToSIA in Summary

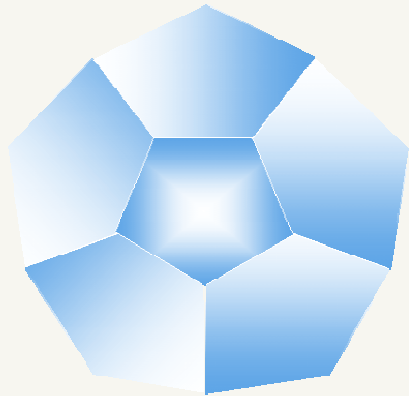
- Quantitative and transparent approach to sustainability assessment
- Analyses trade-offs between different aspects of sustainability
- Flexible tool - Users can select system boundaries, indicators, indicator weights ...
- Quality of assessment depends on quality of data





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**Thank you for your
interest and
attention!**